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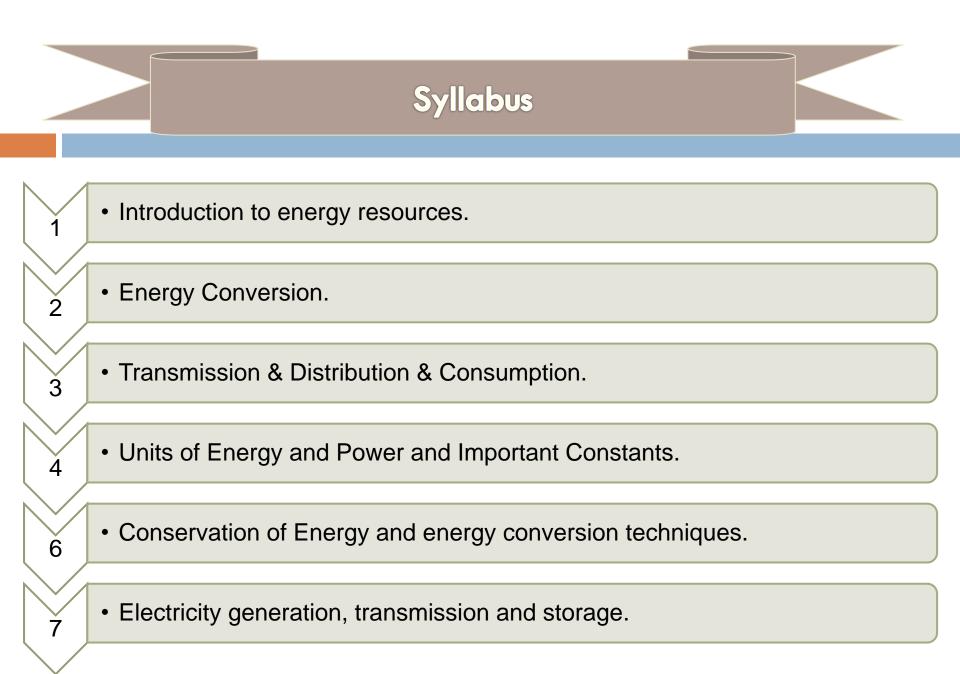




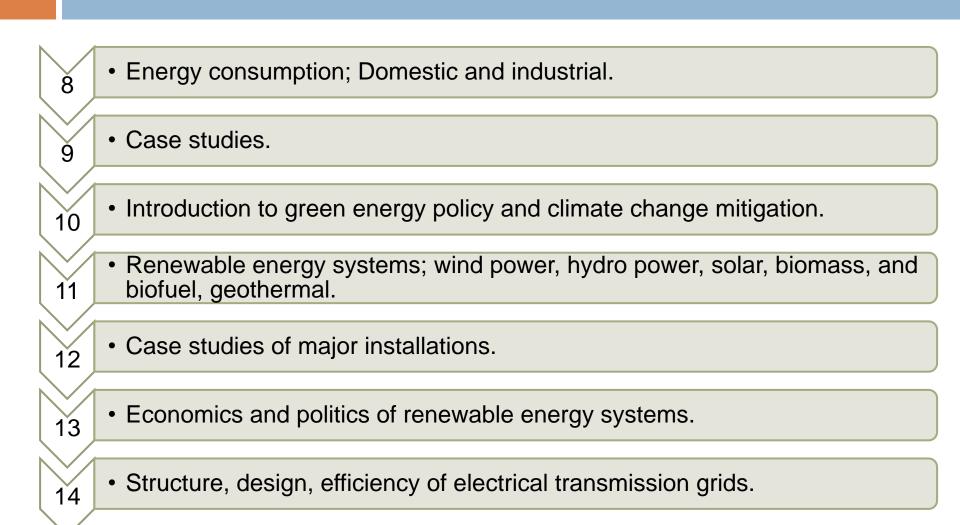




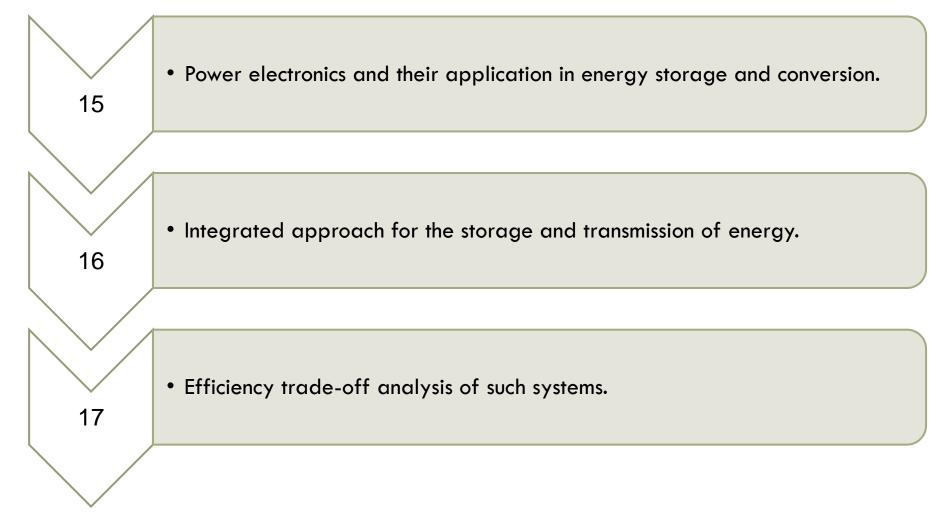




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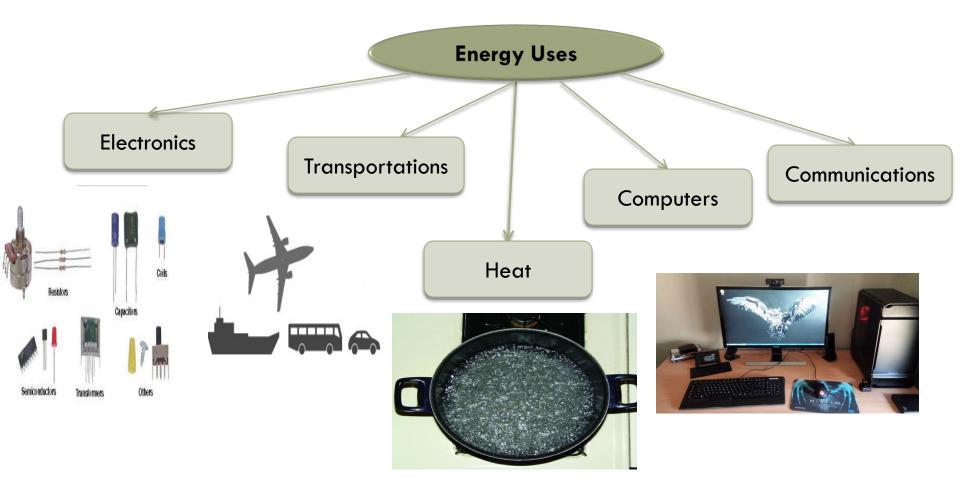


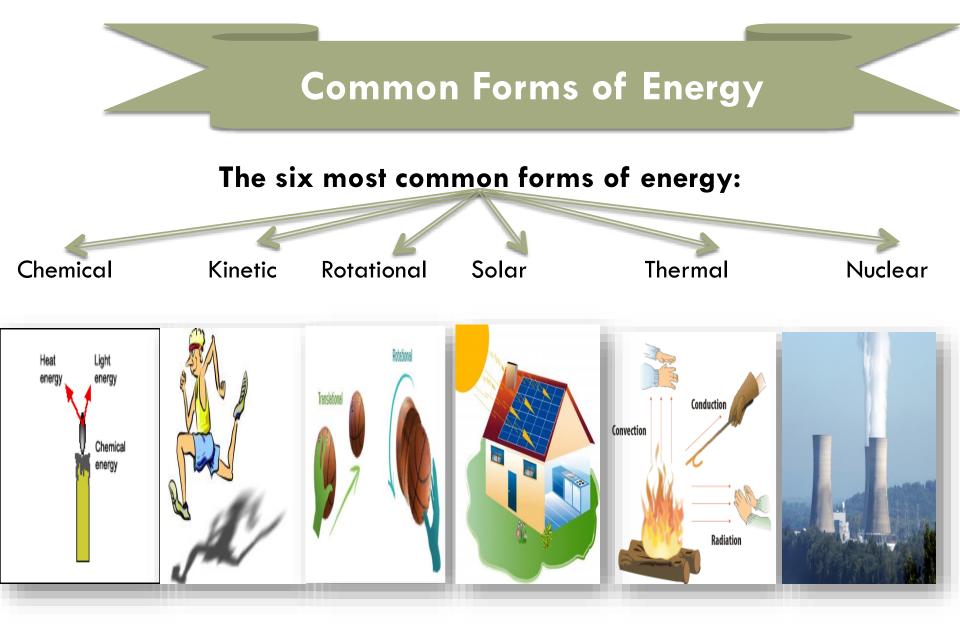
INTRODUCTION



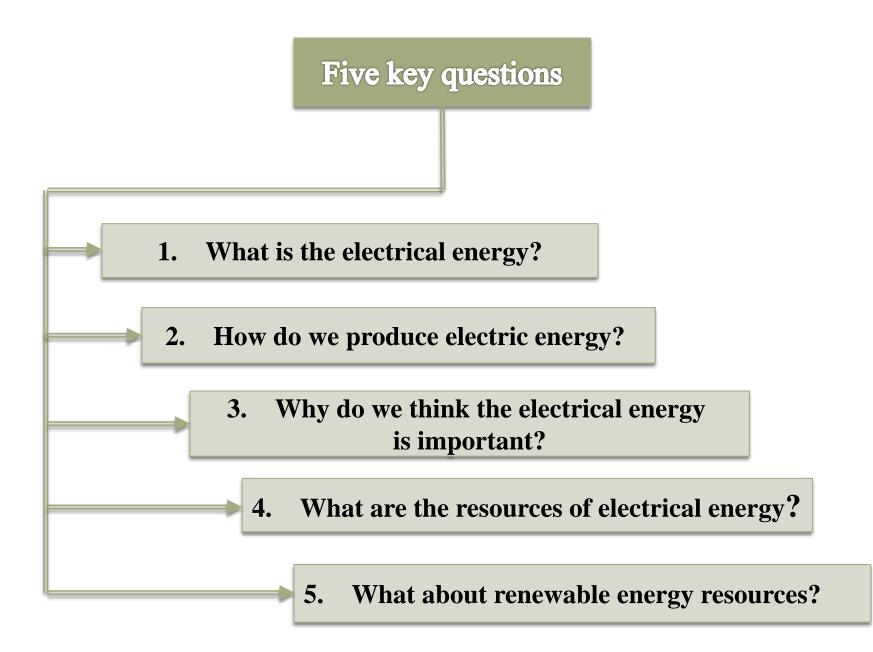
- Energy is the amount of force or power when applied can move one object from one position to another.
- Energy defines the capacity of a system to do work.
- Energy are broadly classified into two main types:
 Renewable Energy Non Renewable Energy

Energy Applications









1. What is the Electric Energy?

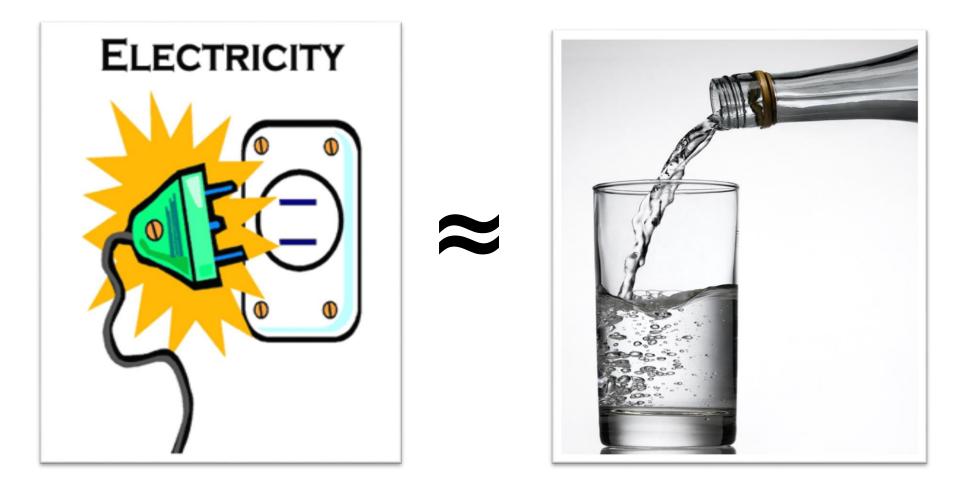
- It is one of the most important energy forms.
- Energy cannot be created or destroyed.
- In all devices and machines, including electric circuits, energy is transferred from one type to another.

ELECTRICAL ENERGY





Electricity is flowing Electrons



Terminology

1. Voltage

- Measured in Volts.
- Electrical potential.
- "Height" of water on one side of a dam compared to the other side.

2. Current

- Measured in Amps.
- Rate of electron flow.
- "Speed" at which water flows through the dam.

3. Resistance

- The opposition of a material to the flow of an electrical current.
- Depends on
 - * Material
 - * Cross sectional area
 - * Length
 - * Temperature

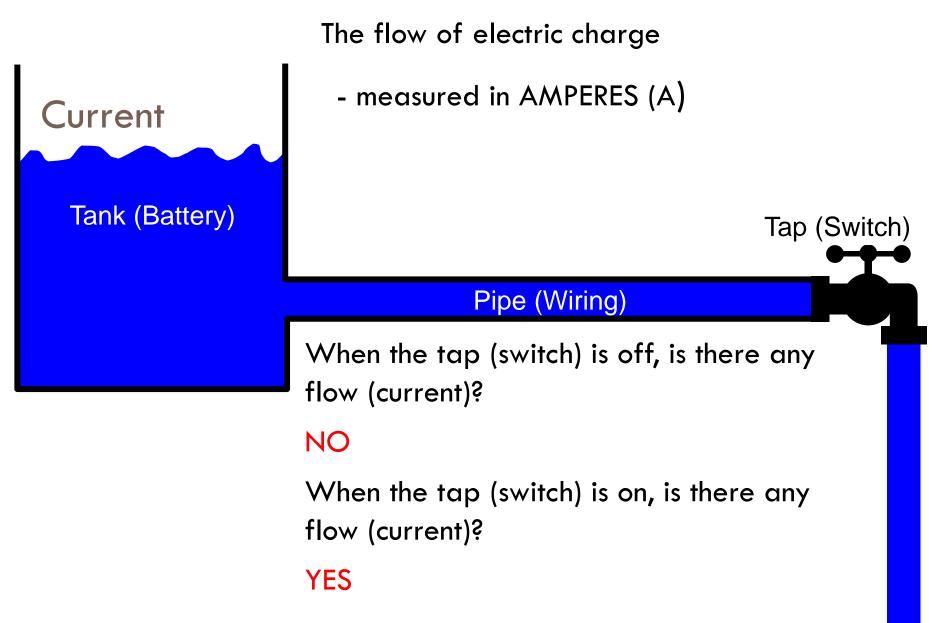
4. Watt

- Measure of Power.
- Rate of electrical energy.
- Not to be confused with Current.
- Watt-hour (Wh) is a measure of energy:

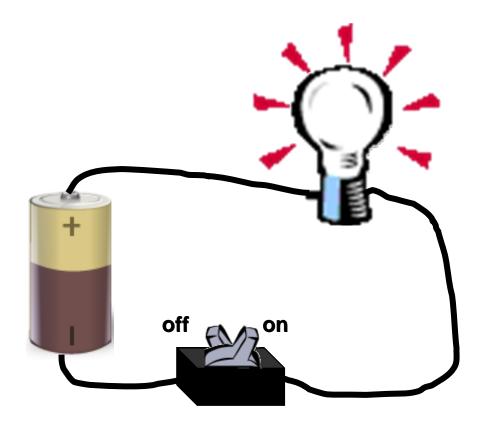
* Unit quantity of electrical energy (consumption and production).

* Watts x hours = Watt-hours.

* 1 Kilowatt-hour (kWh) = 1000 Wh



Current in a Circuit



When the switch is off, there is no current.

When the switch is on, there is current.



Magnetic field + movable conductor = electricity

Edison and Swan





Nearly 40 years went by before a really practical DC (Direct Current) generator was built by Thomas Edison. In 1878 Joseph Swan, a British scientist, invented the incandescent filament lamp and within twelve months Edison made a similar discovery in America. *Associate Prof. Mohamed Ahmed Ebrahim*

- Swan and Edison later set up a joint company to produce the first practical filament lamp. Prior to this, electric lighting had been crude arc lamps.
- Edison used his DC generator to provide electricity to light his laboratory and later to illuminate the first New York street to be lit by electric lamps, in September 1882. Edison's successes were not without controversy, however - although he was convinced of the merits of DC for generating electricity, other scientists in Europe and America recognized that DC brought major disadvantages.

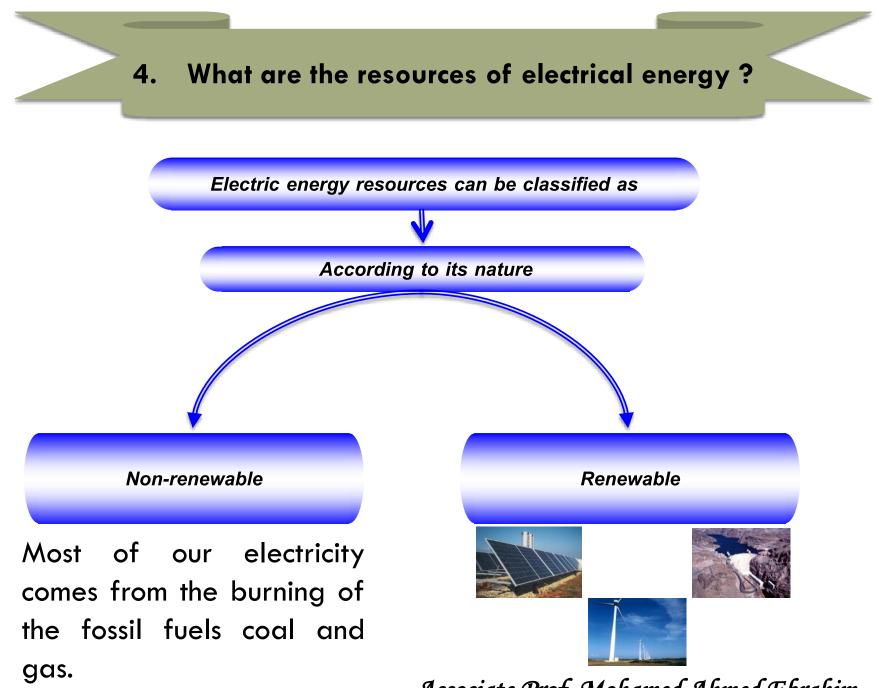
3. Why do we think the Electrical Energy is important?

- Electricity is a part of modern life and one cannot think of a world without it.
- Electricity has many uses in our day to day life.
- We can say that the electric energy is the source of life.
- Imagine life without electricity!!!!!!!!!



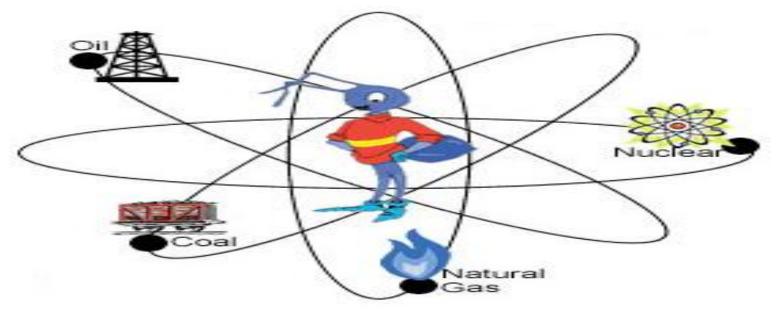






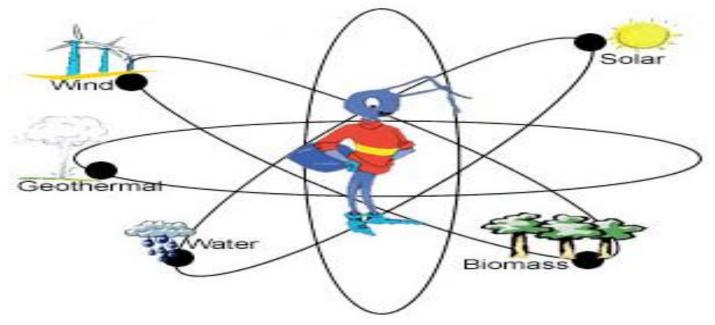
1. Non-renewable energy & its types

- Sources are not environmental friendly and can have serious affect on our health.
- They are called non-renewable because they can not be regenerated within a short span of time.
- Non-renewable sources exist in the form of fossil fuels, natural gas oil and coal.



2. **Renewable energy & its types**

- Recourses found in nature i.e. Sun, wind, rain, and tides. That are self regenerated, that can be replaced or renewed without harming the environment or contributing to the greenhouse effect.
- These sources are normally used to produce clean energy.
 This production doesn't lead to climate change.



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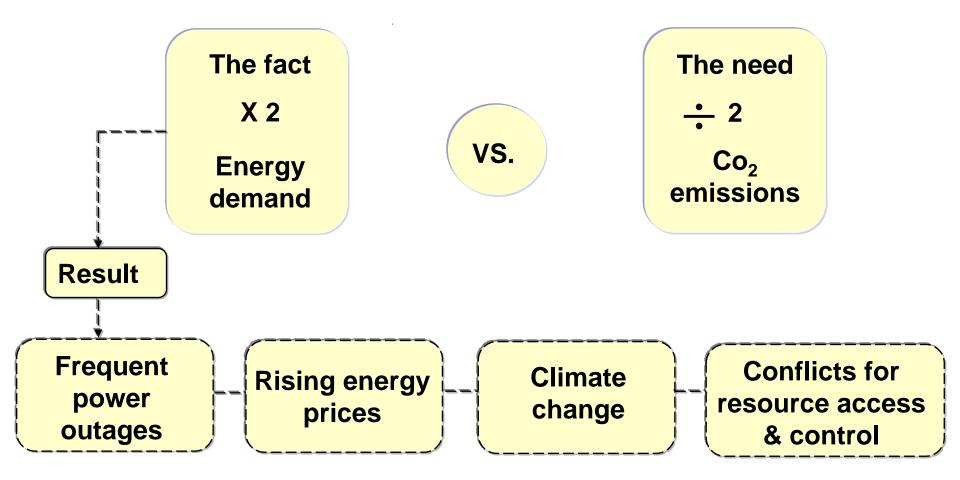
What's wrong with this picture?

- Pollution from burning fossil fuels leads to an increase in greenhouse gases, acid rain, and the degradation of public health.
- Egypt carbon dioxide emissions is at a current level of 212.15M, up from 209.77M one year ago. This is a change of 1.13% from one year ago.

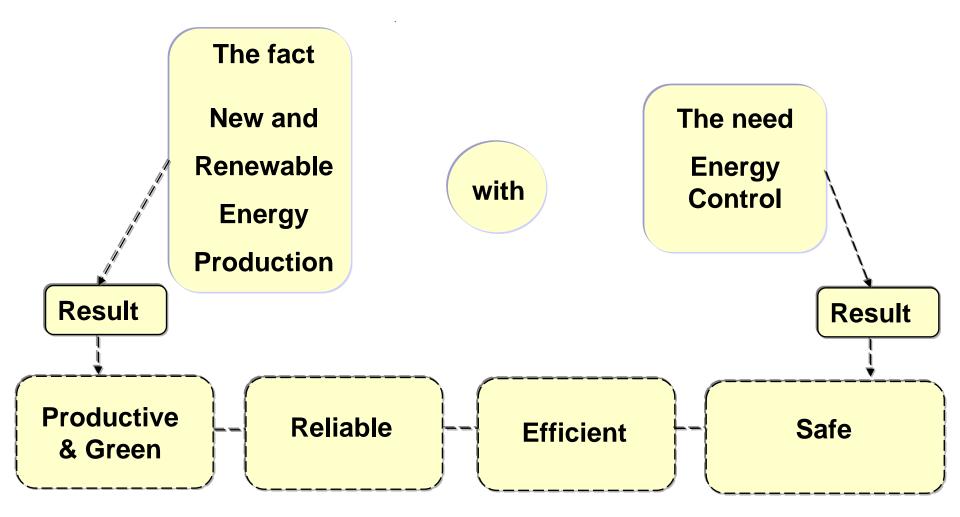


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Energy Dilemma



Proposed Solution



Classifications of main drivers behind the focus on renewable energy

Environmental drivers

Limiting green house gas		
(GHG) emissions		
* Avoidance	of	the
construction	of	new
transmission	circuits	and
large generating plants		

Commercial drivers

General uncertainty in electricity markets favors small generation schemes
 DG is a cost effective route to improved power quality and reliability

National/regulatory drivers

Diversification of energy sources to enhance energy security
 Support for competition

Support for competition policy

Why Sustainable Energy Matters?

- The world's current energy system is built around fossil fuels Problems:
- 1. Fossil fuel reserves are ultimately finite.
- 2. Two-thirds of the world's proven oil reserves are locating in the Middle-East and North Africa (which can lead to political and economic instability).
- Detrimental environmental impacts (mining operations &Combustion).



